**Product Name: MBTS** 

Effective Date: August. 1, 2007

## CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: MBTS (DM)

**Chemical Name: Mercaptobenzothiazole Disulfide** 

**Uses: Accelerator** 

Manufactured by: Northeast Auxiliary Chemical Industry Co.,Ltd

**Wuqiang Industry Park** 

Hebei, China

Tel: +86-318-3791833 Fax:+86-318-3835598

Http://www.dongzhuhg.com

## COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mercaptobenzothiazole Disulfide 97—99%

CAS # 120-78-5

Paraffin oil 1-3%

CAS # 8042-47-5

#### HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

#### **Hazard information**

Emergency Overview: WARNING! Combustible dust-explosion potential. Keep away

from Heat, Sparks, and flame. Dust may be irritating to eyes and

upper tract.

Eye Contact: May cause mild eye irritation. Mile Eye Irritation:

Signs/symptoms can include redness, swelling. Pain and

tearing.

Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause a rash and

itching of the skin. May cause skin defatting with prolonged

exposure.

Inhalation: May cause mild respiratory irritation.

Ingestion: Swallowing a relatively large amount of tis material is unlikely to

produce serious illness or death.

Add: Wuqiang Industry Park, Wuqiang, Hebei 053300, China

**Product Name: MBTS** 

#### First Aid Information

In Eyes: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at

least 15 minutes and get medical attention if irritation persists.

On Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with water, using soap if

available. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse.

Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Inhaled: Remove person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. If breathing is difficult, get immediate medical attention.

Swallow: If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Only induce vomiting at

the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

Notes to Physician: Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary. Treatment based

on sound judgment of physician and individual reactions of patient.

#### FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point (F/C) 520F/271 C

Autoignition Temp. (F/C): 680 F/ 360 C

Lower Explosion Limit in Air(LEL) Not Determined

Upper Explosion Limit in Air (UEL) Not Determined

Extinguishing Media: Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical Special Exposure Hazards Fight fire from a safe distance and from a

protected location. Flammable dust when in finely divided and highly suspended state. Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces. Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases.

Do not allow runoff to enter waterways.

Special Protective Equipment: Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing,

including self-contained breathing equipment

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards: Toxic emissions may result if product is involved

in a fire. Fire produces highly toxic sulfur dioxide

gas

## ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Procedures: Wear protective equipment specified. Avoid the generation

of dust. Sweep, vacuum, or shovel and place into closable

container for disposal.

Procedure for Isolate area and remove sources of friction, impact, heat,

Cleaning/Absorption: low level electrical current, and RF energy. Isolate spill and

**Product Name: MBTS** 

Limits:

stop leak where safe. Remove ignition sources and work with non-sparking tools. Scoop up and remove. Do NOT spread spilled product with water.

## Handling and Storage

Handling: Good hygienic practices should be observed. Work clothes should be

washed separately at the end of each work day. Disposable clothing should be discarded with material. Avoid generating or breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Reclose containers of unused product. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using

the toilet. Do not reuse this container.

Storage: Store closed containers in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store away from

strong oxidizing materials. Avoid exposure to direct sunlight.

#### EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection: Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure. Eye

protection is not required during typical product use conditions

Skin Protection: Normal work coveralls. Launder contaminated clothing before

reuse.

Gloves: Use gloves as a standard industrial handling procedure. All

cleanable impervious glove types are acceptable.

Respiratory Appropriate respiratory protection shall be worn when applied

Protection: engineering controls are not adequate to protect against inhalation

exposure. Firefighting; Use a positive pressure demand full face

self contained breathing apparatus.

Ventilation: General; Local exhaust ventilation as necessary to control any air

contaminants to within their exposure limits during the use of this product. Adequate ventilation should be provided to keep dust concentrations below acceptable exposure limits. Discharge from the ventilation system should comply with the applicable air

pollutions control regulations. Eliminate ignition sources.

Airborne Exposure Nuisance Dust. OSHA PEL/8hr-TWA=15mg/m3 (Total Dust). OSHA

PEL/8-Hr TWA=05mg/m3 (Respirable Dust).AGGIH TLV/8-Hr TWA

=10mg/m3. White Mineral Oil OSHA PEL/8Hr TWA= 5mg/m3 ACGIH

 $TLV//8Hr\ TWA = 5mg/m3.$ 

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Product Name: MBTS** 

Appearance: Off-White powder
Odor: Slight Sromatic

Ph: N/A

Specific Gravity: 1.45—1.54

Density: Unknown

Bulk Density: Not Determined

Melting Point (F/C): 170.0

Boiling Point (F/C): 260 C

Vapor Pressure: Negligible

Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined

% Volatile by Volume: < 0.5%

Solubility in Water: 0.01g/100ml @25 C

Other Solubility: Slightly soluble in Ethanol Acetone.

Viscosity: Not Determined

Other Data: Ash Content = 0.3 % max.

Molecular Weight: 332.38

Molecular Formula: C14-H8-N2-S4

## STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable when stored at room temperature in closed,

Original container. Stable under normal conditions

of handling, use and transportation.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Dispersion

of dust. Temperatures above 250 C. Avoid contact with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine and

concentrated oxygen.

Materials to Avoid: Strong oxidizing agents. Strong Acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide Oxides of nitrogen Oxides of

sulfur.

Additional Guidelines: Not Applicable.

#### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Target Organs:** 

Acute Oral LD50(mg/kg): >7940mg/kg

**Product Name: MBTS** 

Acute Dermal LD (mg/kg): >7940 mg/kg
Acute Inhalation LC50 (mg/l): Not Determined

Principle Routes of Exposure: Eyes. Inhalation. Dermal – skin

Ingestion: Swallowing a relatively large amount of tis materials Is

unlikely to produce serious illness or death.

Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause a rash and

itching of the skin. May cause skin defatting with

prolonged exposure.

Inhalation: May cause mild respiratory irritation.

Eye Contact: May cause mild eye irritation. Mild eye irritation:

Signs/symptoms can include redness, swelling, pain, and

tearing.

Aggravated Conditions: Pulmonary disorders. Dermal ailments. Eye ailments.

Carcinogenicity Comment: This product or one of its ingredients present 0.1% or

more is NOT listed as a carcinogen or suspected carcinogen by NTP,IARC,or OSHA. CarcinogenicL

Category 3

Other: No other first aid needed. Only hazard is a dust hazard.

Primary Irritation Effect: Practically non-irritating.

Carcinogenicity: Negative in standard tests using bacteria and yeast cells

Genotoxity: None.

Reproductive/Developmental A National Toxicology Program (NTP) 2-year study on rats

Toxicity: and mice concluded that there was "some evidence of

carcinogenic activity" in treated rats.

### ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Fish Toxicity: 96Hr LC50 Rainbow Trout = 66.0 mg/l. 96Hr

LC50 Bluegill Sunfish = 82.0 mg/l. 96Hr LC50

Fathead Minnow =>1000 mg/l/

Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: 48Hr LC50 Daphnia Magna =82.0 mg/l.

Acute Algae Toxity: 96Hr EC50 Algae =0.7 mg/l

Octanol /Water Coefficient: 4.5 (Estimated)

Chemical Fate Information: Sunlight Photolysis: T (1/2) = 3 hours.

Other Information: Marginally susceptible to indirect photolysis.

## DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal of Waste Method:

This material is not a RCRA hazardous waste. Bury in a licensed landfill or burn in an approved

**Product Name: MBTS** 

incinerator according to federal, state, and local regulations. Empty containers should be handled in a manner not to cause dusting during collection, Transportation and disposal.

**Contaminated Packaging:** 

If empty container retains product residues, all label precautions must be observed. Store away from ignition sources. Transport with all closures in place. Return for reuse or dispose according to national or local regulations. Dispose of container according to national or local regulations.

## TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT :DOT Status: Not Regulated

DOT Shipping Name: NONE
DOT Reportable Quantity (lbs): None

ICAL/IATA: Status: NOT REGULATIED FOR TRANSPORATION

Proper Shipping Name: None UN/NA Number: NONE

IMDG: Status: Not Regulated

Proper Shipping Name: None

TDG (Canada): Status: Not Regulated

### REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Worldwide Inventory Status** 

TSCA (USA):

Canadian DSL:

Listed

Canadian NDSL:

N/A

EINECS/ELINCS (Europe):

Japanese Inventory (ENCS):

Korean Chemical Inventory (ECL):

Australian Chemical Inventories:

Listed

(AICS)

New Zealand (NZ): Listed
Phillipines (PICCS) Inventory: Listed
China (CLECS): Listed

**US Regulatory Rules** 

SARA Section 302 None Found SARA 311/312 Hazard Catagories: Delayed Fire

SARA 313 Chemical: 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole

RCRA Status: Not a RCRA waste

**Product Name: MBTS** 

Other Regulations:

California Proposition 65:

New Jersey Right-to-Know List:

Pennsylvania Right to Know List:

N/A

Florida Right to Know:

N/A

Minnesota Right to Know:

N/A

MA Right to Know:

N/A

FDA Status 21 CFR: Regulated for use under the following sections of

21CFR: 177.2600 Rubber Articles Intended for Repeated Use in Food Contact. 175.105 Components of Adhesives.

**Canadian Regulations** 

WHMIS Hazard Class: D2B TOXIC MATERIALS/ Materials Causing Other Toxic

**Effects** 

NPRI: N/A